**Feature explanation**

* **Product Type**: The type of product associated with specific data in the supply chain.
* **SKU (Stock Keeping Unit)**: Unique code used to identify a particular product.
* **Price**: The price of the product or item in the supply chain.
* **Availability**: Information about product availability.
* **Number of Products Sold**: The number of products that have been sold in a certain time period.
* **Revenue Generated**: Total revenue generated from product sales in a certain time period.
* **Customer demographics**: Information about customer characteristics, such as age, gender, geographic location, etc.
* **Stock Levels**: The number of products still available in stock at any given time.
* **Lead Times**: The time required to order or receive products from suppliers.
* **Order Quantities**: The number of products ordered in one order or shipment.
* **Shipping Times**: The time required to ship products from the warehouse or distribution centre to customers.
* **Shipping Carriers**: Companies or services used to ship products to customers.
* **Shipping Costs**: Costs associated with shipping products, including delivery fees and additional fees.
* **Supplier Name**: Name of supplier or vendor who provides products or materials to the company.
* **Location**: The physical location associated with the data in the supply chain, such as the location of a warehouse or distribution center.
* **Lead Time**: The time required to obtain products or materials from a particular supplier.
* **Production Volumes**: The number of products produced in a certain time period.
* **Manufacturing Lead Time**: The time required to produce a product, from ordering materials until the product is ready.
* **Manufacturing Costs**: Costs related to the production process, including raw material costs, labor, etc.
* **Inspection Results**: Results of product or material quality inspection.
* **Defect Rates**: The level of defects or defects in the products produced.
* **Transportation Modes**: The transportation mode used to send products, such as land, sea or air.
* **Routes**: Routes or paths used to send products from one point to another in the supply chain.
* **Costs**: Costs related to various aspects of the supply chain, including transportation costs, production costs, and other costs.